

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JUAN RAMON DIAZ,

Case No. 2:24-cv-2915-JDP (P)

Petitioner,

v.

ORDER; FINDINGS AND  
RECOMMENDATIONS

S. SAMALOSON,

Respondent.

On May 2, 2025, respondent filed a motion to dismiss. ECF No. 4. Petitioner did not timely file a response, therefore, on June 11, 2025, the court ordered petitioner to show cause why this action should not be dismissed for failure to prosecute. ECF No. 5. Petitioner has not responded to the order to show cause, and the time to do so has passed. Accordingly, dismissal of the action is warranted.

The court has the inherent power to control its docket and may, in the exercise of that power, impose sanctions where appropriate, including dismissal. *Bautista v. Los Angeles Cnty.*, 216 F.3d 837, 841 (9th Cir. 2000); *see* Local Rule 110 (“Failure of counsel or of a party to comply with these Rules or with any order of the Court may be grounds for imposition by the Court of any and all sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court.”).

A court may dismiss an action based on a party’s failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. *See Ghazali v. Moran*, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54

1 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258,  
2 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order to file an amended  
3 complaint); *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to  
4 comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v.*  
5 *U.S. Postal Serv.*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court  
6 order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of  
7 prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

8 In recommending that this action be dismissed for failure to comply with court orders, I  
9 have considered “(1) the public’s interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court’s  
10 need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy  
11 favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives.”  
12 *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61 (citation omitted).

13 Here, petitioner has failed to respond to respondent’s motion and a court order directing  
14 him to file a response to the motion. *See* ECF Nos. 4 & 5. Therefore, the public interest in  
15 expeditious resolution of litigation, the court’s need to manage its docket, and the risk of  
16 prejudice to the respondent all support imposition of the sanction of dismissal. Lastly, my  
17 warning to petitioner that failure to obey court orders will result in dismissal satisfies the  
18 “considerations of the alternatives” requirement. *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1262; *Malone*, 833 at 132-  
19 33; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1424. Specifically, the June 11 order expressly warned petitioner that  
20 his failure to comply with court orders would result in dismissal. ECF No. 5. Petitioner had  
21 adequate warning that dismissal could result from his noncompliance. Accordingly, I find that  
22 the balance of factors weighs in favor of dismissal.

23 Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED that the Clerk of Court randomly assign a district  
24 judge to this matter.

25 Further, it is hereby RECOMMENDED that:

26 1. This action be DISMISSED without prejudice for failure to prosecute.  
27 2. Respondent’s motion to dismiss, ECF No. 4, be DENIED as moot.  
28 3. The Clerk of Court be directed to close the case.

1        These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge  
2 assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen days of  
3 service of these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the  
4 court and serve a copy on all parties. Any such document should be captioned “Objections to  
5 Magistrate Judge’s Findings and Recommendations,” and any response shall be served and filed  
6 within fourteen days of service of the objections. The parties are advised that failure to file  
7 objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court’s order. *See*  
8 *Turner v. Duncan*, 158 F.3d 449, 455 (9th Cir. 1998); *Martinez v. Ylst*, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir.  
9 1991)

10 IT IS SO ORDERED.

11 Dated: July 15, 2025

  
12 JEREMY D. PETERSON  
13 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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